



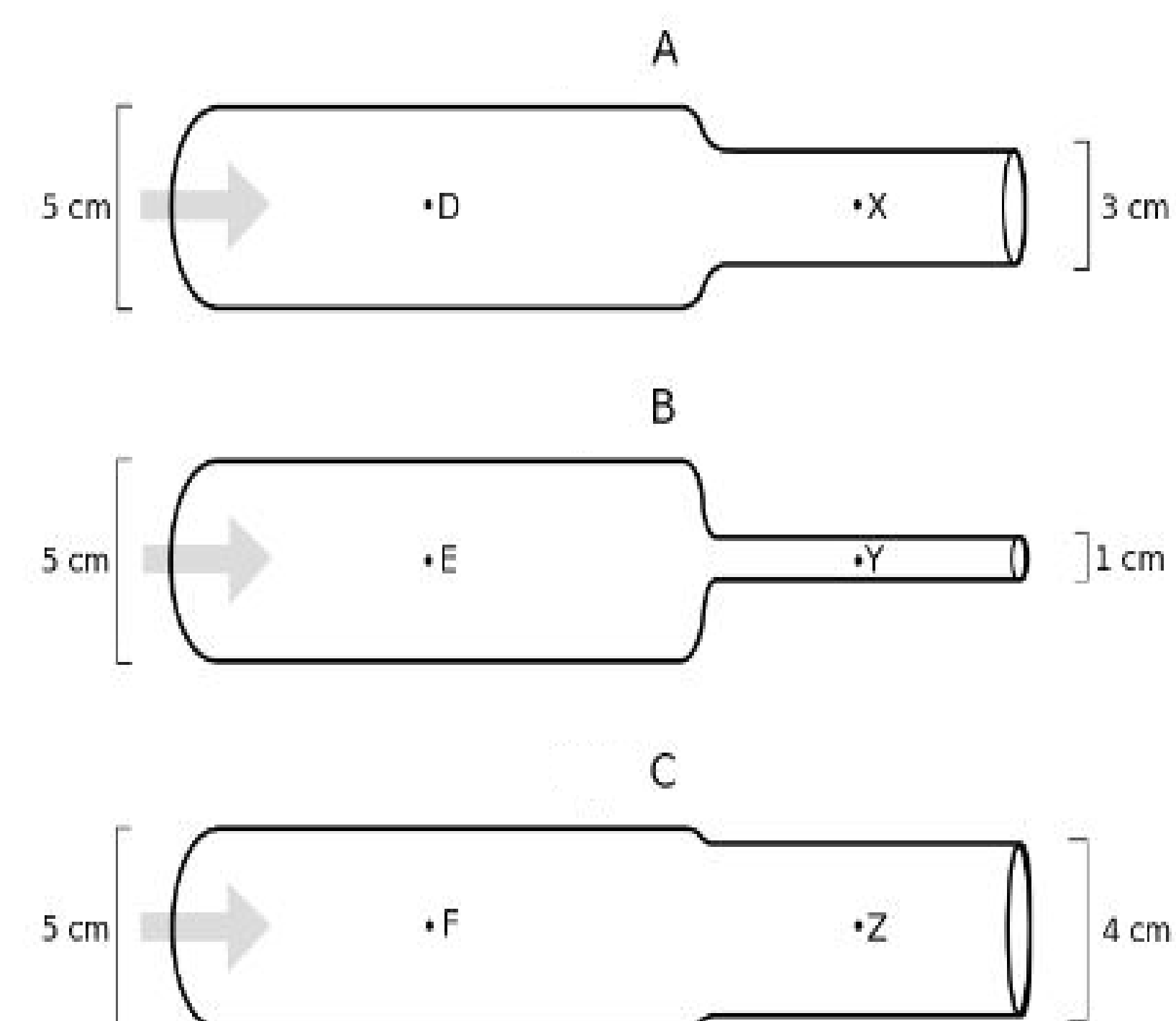
# Does Context Matter?



## Does item context effect student responses?

- Context - "The features of an item used to frame a question and response choice"<sup>1</sup> in this case the students **class**, **prompt**, and **reasoning** used.
- No previous studies done in human anatomy and physiology.
- NDSU study comparing student reasoning on population growth rate as compared to the rate of travel of a car<sup>2</sup>.
- The differences in student reasoning about fluid flow between an algebra based physics class and HA&P were compared

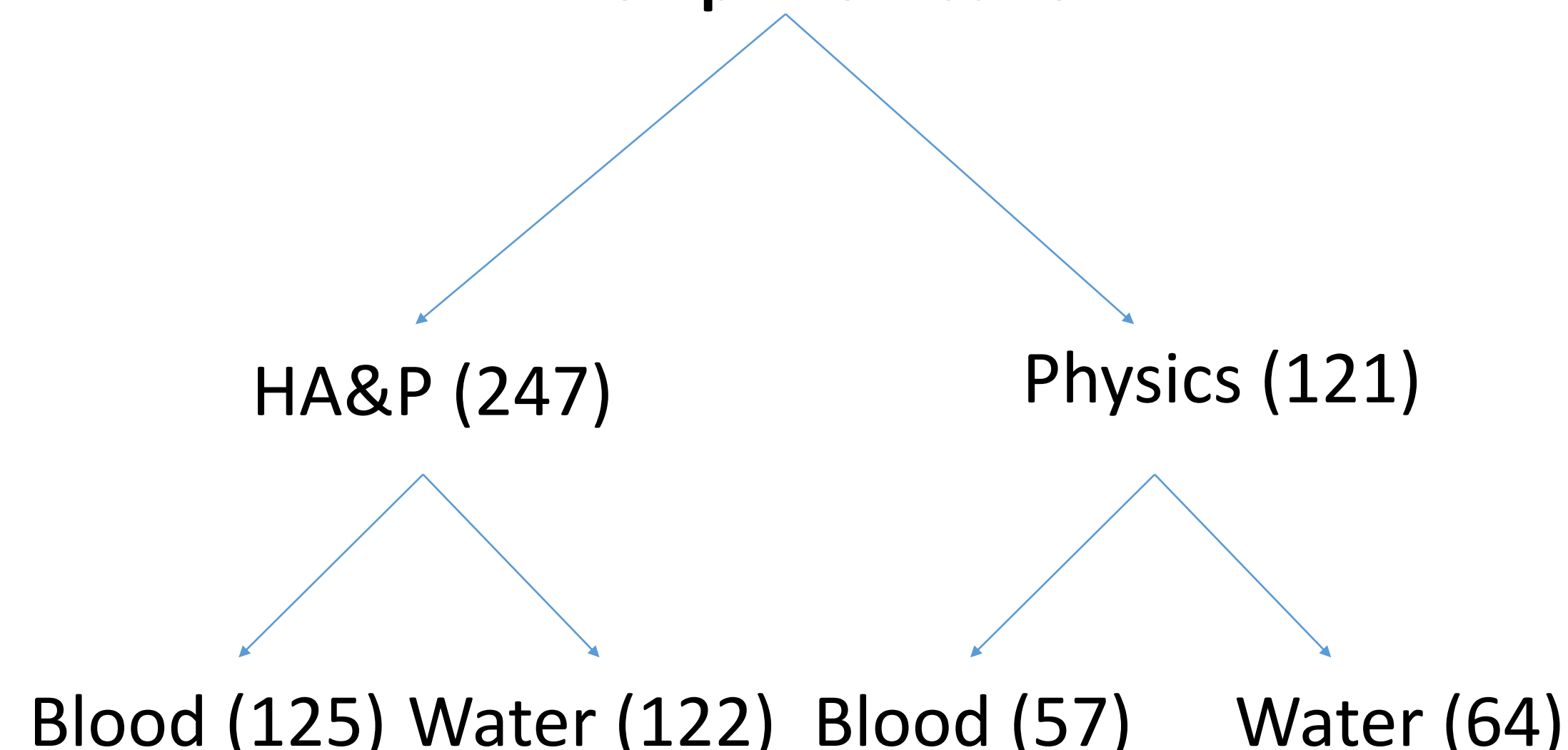
## Fluid Context Prompt



The figure shows two different pipes/blood vessels (A, B and C) with water/blood flowing through them (designated by the gray arrow on the left). The volume of water/blood entering on the left end of the pipe/blood vessel is the same in systems A, B and C. The pressure of water/blood is the same at points D, E, and F. The water/blood viscosity is very low. The diameter on the left end of each pipe/blood vessel is the same (5cm).

- Order the *fluid flow rate* (volume of water/blood flowing per unit of time) coming out if the right at point X,Y, and Z. If two points have equal resistance, put an equals sign between the blanks
- Order the *speed* of the water/blood coming out of the right end of the pipes/blood vessels A, B, and C. If two pipes/blood vessels have equal speeds at the exit, put an equals sign between the blanks.
- Order the *pressure* of the water/blood in the pipes/blood vessels at points X,Y, and Z. If two points have equal pressures, put an equals sign between the blanks.
- Order the *resistance* of the water/blood at point X,Y, and Z. If two points have equal resistance, put an equals sign between the blanks.

## Prompt Distribution



Prompts were distributed among a HA&P class and an algebra based physics class, the numbers of students in each class and the number of students which were in a certain class/prompt combination (group) can be seen in parenthesis.

## Student Answers

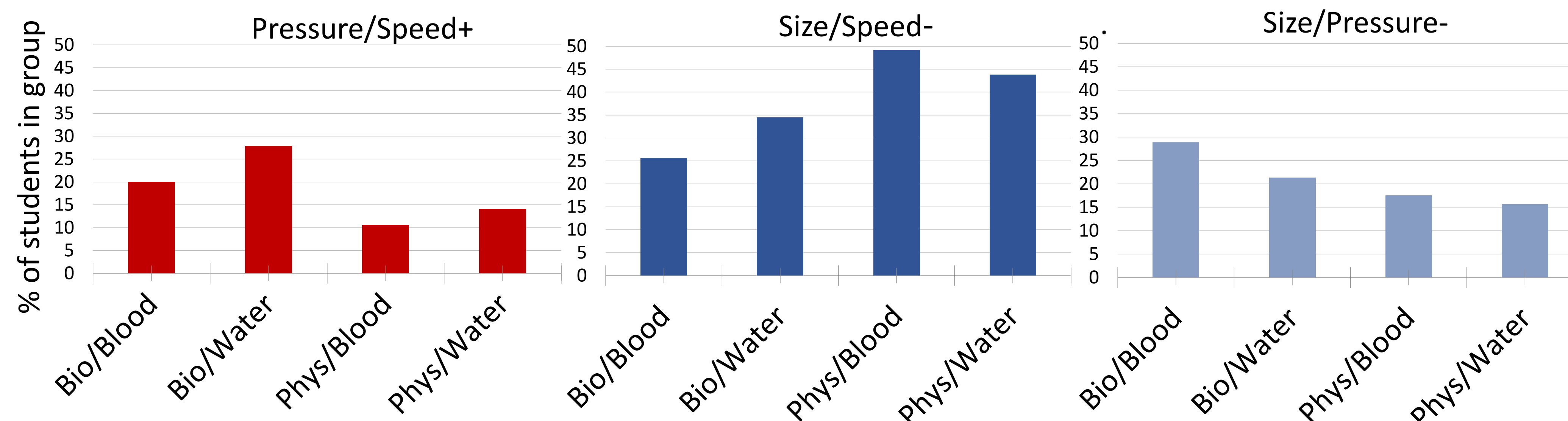
Task 1	CAB		BAC		Task 2	CAB		BAC		
	Physics	Bio	**	Physics	Bio	**	Physics	Bio	Physics	Bio
Blood	19.30% (11)	9.60% (12)		54.39% (31)	87.2% (109)	Blood	73.68% (42)	65.6% (82)	19.30% (11)	23.20% (29)
Water	14.06% (9)	9.84% (12)		65.63% (42)	77.05% (94)	Water	75.00% (48)	63.93% (78)	18.75% (12)	27.87% (34)
"="			Other		"="			Other		
***	Physics	Bio		Physics	Bio		Physics	Bio	Physics	Bio
Blood	24.56% (14)	2.40% (3)		1.75% (1)	0.00% (0)	Blood	5.26% (3)	9.60% (12)	1.75% (1)	1.60% (2)
Water	20.31% (13)	13.11% (16)		0.00% (0)	0.82% (1)	Water	4.69% (3)	5.74% (7)	1.56% (1)	2.46% (3)
Task 3	ZXY		YXZ		Task 4	ZXY		YXZ		
	Physics	Bio		Physics	Bio		Physics	Bio	Physics	Bio
Blood	73.68% (42)	88.80% (111)		12.28% (7)	5.60% (7)	Blood	61.40% (35)	88.00% (110)	14.04% (8)	7.20% (9)
Water	76.56% (49)	87.70% (107)		7.81% (5)	8.20% (10)	Water	67.19% (43)	84.43% (103)	10.94% (7)	6.56% (8)
"="			Other		"="			Other		
***	Physics	Bio		Physics	Bio	***	Physics	Bio	Physics	Bio
Blood	12.28% (7)	2.40% (3)		1.75% (1)	2.40% (3)	Blood	17.54% (10)	2.40% (3)	7.01% (4)	2.40% (3)
Water	15.63% (10)	2.46% (3)		0% (0)	2.46% (3)	Water	17.19% (11)	4.92% (6)	4.69% (3)	4.10% (5)

The percentage of students which gave a certain answer in each group was calculated for each question, the number of students is shown in parenthesis. **The test taken appears to effect student answers within a class.** Italics Indicates a correct answer. Significant p-values are indicated by \*\* (p<0.05) and \*\*\* (p<0.001).

## Student Reasoning

	Pressure	Size	Flow	Resistance	Speed
Pressure	X	4	1	5	81
Size	-74	X	3	9	35
Flow	0	-2	X	0	6
Resistance	0	-19	0	X	9
Speed	-2	-130	-1	-8	X

The students were also asked to explain their reasoning. The reasoning for question 2 were then coded for the relationships students made. A box which is more red represents a large number of positive (direct) relationships made while a box which is more blue represents a large number of negative (inverse) relationships made. **The positive relationship between pressure and speed and the negative relationships between size and speed and size and pressure were used most often.**



The three most common relationships made were compared between the different groups. The bars represent the percent of student in a specific group to make a certain relationship. **This demonstrates that despite the majority of the students giving the same ranking, students in different groups differed in the reasoning they used to get there.**

## What did we find?

- Student may answer questions differently based on item context
- Students who come to the same conclusion may use different reasoning
- Reasoning is often multi step, making connections between several concepts

