DRIVE FOCUSED. DRIVE SMART. GET HOME SAFELY.



Distraction occurs when drivers divert their attention from the driving task to focus on some other activity.





Visual Distraction

Reading a text message, looking up directions, "rubber necking" (i.e., craning one's neck to get a better view) at a crash site





Manual Distraction

Reaching for things inside the vehicle, using a handheld device, adjusting the radio, eating or drinking, applying makeup





Cognitive Distraction

Talking on the phone, arguing with a passenger, thinking about your next appointment



There is a Disconnect

Despite all the research indicating that any form of mobile phone use is unsafe while driving, in a large AAA survey of drivers:



2/3 say using a hand-held phone is unacceptable



2/3 say using a hands-free phone is acceptable



Cell Phones Are Distractions

Although there are many things that contribute to distracted driving, according to the National Safety Council, the use of cell phones occurs with such frequency and duration that it is more likely to lead to a crash or near-crash than other forms of distraction.



Cell Phones Are Distractions



In 2015:

- 3,477 people died in crashes involving distracted drivers
- 14% of these crashes were reported to have involved cell phone use as a distraction



Distraction Risk Levels

RISK LEVEL 1

Listening to the radio

Minimal cognitive distraction

RISK LEVEL 2

Talking on hand-held or hands-free phone

Moderate/significant cognitive distraction

RISK LEVEL 3

Using a speech-to-text application

High level of cognitive distraction³





Avoid Temptation

Don't talk or text on your phone. Turn it off while driving or place your device in the glove box or center console so it's out of sight and out of mind.





Vary Your Route

When possible, take a different route so routine trips like commuting to and from work don't become mundane.





Keep Your Eyes Moving

Make a full mirror sweep with your eyes every 5-6 seconds to stay alert and ward off allowing your mind to wander.





Keep A Safe Following Distance

Driver training experts suggest a following distance of 3-4 seconds in good weather—more in inclement weather. The 3-4-second following rule increases visibility and gives more time to react to what's happening in front of you, reducing risk to you and your passengers.





Clear Your Mind

You cannot focus on driving if your mind is on work or family pressure or your to-do list. Take a moment before you drive to get your mind focused on the task at hand—getting to your destination safely.





Have a Plan

Don't wait until you are driving to plan and become familiar with your route. Use navigation devices with voice directions and set them prior to pulling out.





Help Others Help Themselves

Make it a practice when you call someone's cell phone to ask if they are driving. If the answer is "yes," take it upon yourself to call back later or ask them to return your call when they've reached their destination. And never text someone you know to be driving.



Let it begin with you. DRIVE FOCUSED. DRIVE SMART. GET HOME SAFELY.

www.trafficsafety.org

