NDSU NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY

Large-Scale Beef Cattle Precision Management Research Facility

Our Need

A critical need for the beef cattle research program at NDSU is the development and evaluation of emerging precision livestock management tools to manage beef cattle. Featuring the latest innovations, a large-scale research facility would be added at the Beef Cattle Research Complex at Main Station in Fargo, where the largest body of scientists in the state are located. The Beef Cattle Research Complex, completed in 2011, garners national attention. This facility helped the Department of Animal Sciences secure 4 of 5 USDA NIFA grants in 2021. While this is great, it has created a strain on our facilities. To maintain competitiveness with granting agencies, recruit and keep faculty, recruit graduate students, and grow a stronger workforce, our infrastructure needs to be expanded to answer complex questions and maintain and grow our research programs at NDSU. If quality beef cattle research is to continue, it is paramount that our scientists have ready access to research facilities.

The mission of North Dakota State University is to provide transformational education, create knowledge through innovative research, and share knowledge through community engagement that meets the needs of North Dakota and the world. As a department within North Dakota State University, the Department of Animal Sciences serves beef cattle producers and the beef industry by conducting relevant basic, translational, and applied research. To better meet our mission, a dedicated large-scale beef cattle precision management research facility to advance and support emerging precision technology for livestock management, improvement of beef cattle production, natural resource stewardship, and economic viability is needed to foster innovative research and deliver transformative education and Extension programming.

North Dakota is one of the top ten cow-calf states in the U.S. In 2021, the beef industry of North Dakota generated approximately \$1.15 billion and ranked fourth in agriculture commodities behind soybeans, wheat, and corn. There is tremendous opportunity for North Dakota to expand our animal agriculture industry because some of the most inexpensive feed resources in the nation are found here. Expanding our animal agricultural industry benefits livestock and beef cattle producers and grain producers, resulting in less dependence on volatile export markets. When the economic importance of beef cattle and crops to North Dakota is considered, the need to strengthen our applied beef cattle research is evident.

Proposal

We propose a beef cattle research facility located with the existing Beef Cattle Research Complex. This facility will allow for large-scale, well-replicated, pen-based beef cattle research. The proposed precision management research facility will support cow-calf, stocker, grower, finisher, and nutrient management programs and would allow for greater collaboration between departments and discipline groups and for the development and evaluation of innovative research to advance sustainable beef production.

Investigations of innovative, basic, and applied research would test precision livestock technologies to evaluate cattle performance and welfare, animal health, discover solutions to environmental challenges, and explore manure and nutrient management systems. In addition, demonstration space will provide hands-on experience and training opportunities for the future workforce of North Dakota's beef industry.

The building design would be similar to the existing facility at the BCRC, with a monoslope design and dry lot access for each pen. The proposed facility would consist of 24 pens; each pen would have approximately 25 feet of bunk space for a capacity of 10 cows or 15 to 20 growing cattle. Holding pens will be added to the existing animal handling and feed commodity storage facilities so they would support the additional facility and animals. A suspended walkway will be positioned above the pens for housing current and future precision technology equipment (i.e., animal movement, behavioral patterns, phenotypic signs of health, infrared body temperature, gas sensors, etc.) as well as serving as an observation deck. Included in the infrastructure will be a framework for databases to account for big data collection, storage, and security. The facility will be designed to collect samples and take measurements on individual animals, groups or pens of animals, and entire systems (i.e., feed and animal waste, gasses emitted, environmental variables, etc.). This facility will provide the necessary infrastructure to validate precision technologies and strengthen our collaborative capacity with tech companies (i.e., 701X). This research will foster collaborative relationships across departments, universities, and private industry to help address the needs of North Dakota beef cattle producers.

Some of the research equipment can be used in this research facility and on grazing conditions (RumiWatch system, pedometers, accelerometers, etc.). Others only for enclosed barns (gas sensors) or grazing environment (water systems, virtual fencing, Optiweigh, etc.).



Stakeholders participation in PLF









A representation of how machine learning algorithms might interpret data to create optimal growth conditions in dairy farming



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	PROPOSED HEIFER/DRY COW BARN ^{SCALE:} 1" = 50' DRAWN BY: NAP CHECKED BY: NAP

	PEN 1 11 HEAD CLOSEUP PEN 36" BUNK SPACE 100 FT ² /HEAD ADD COWS WEEKLY	PEN 2 14 HEAD FAR-OFF PEN 34" BUNK SPACE 92 FT ² /HEAD	PEN 3 18 HEAD LATE PREGNANT HEIFER PEN 17" BUNK SPACE 59 FT²/HEAD	PEN 4 18 HEAD LATE EARLY PREGNANT HEIFER PEN 15" BUNK SPACE 50 FT²/HEAD	PEN 5 18 HEAD BREEDING HEIFER PEN 12" BUNK SPACE 41 FT ² /HEAD
	8' DROVERS ALLEY 34.0' PEN 1 32.5' 13.0' 13.0' 17.9' FEED	8.0' 40.0' PEN 1 V	40.5'	<u>PEN 1</u>	
E DRAWINGS AND CONCEPTS CONTAINED HEREIN / E SOLE PROPERTY OF DEHAAN, GRABS & ASSOCIAT THEY ARE NOT TO BE USED, REPRODUCED, OR ICLOSED TO ANY PERSON OR ENTITY WITHOUT WRI RMISSION FROM DEHAAN, GRABS & ASSOCIATES, LI	ARE ES, EX. BY DATE DESCRIPT	TION OF CHANGES	NG ENGINEERS	NDSU D DAIF NE 1/4 SECTION 35, CASS COUT	AIRY 3Y 140 n, R 49 W NTY, ND



Dairy Barn Improvements

New Heifer Barn

This building would have capacity for 65 head. Barn space would be primarily for developing heifers that are currently housed outside from 6 months old until freshening (first calf) at 22-24 months of age. Housing these animals indoors will have major implications towards improving the health, feed efficiency, and growth performance of these developing milk cows. This gable roofed 50'x 80' facility will be positioned in near proximity to main barn, with the close-up pen allowing for a short walk to the milk parlor- facilitating animal movement while improving animal handler safety. This facility would also have pen space for the dry cows, thereby liberating space in the free stall barn. In the second page you will find the schematics that were developed in 2020. We are doing the same request.

Robotic Milking System

Two robotic milking stations would be well suited to the current barns production of 100 cows in milk. Some adjustments to the barn are required to fit the robots and to allow the necessary space for access and exit to it: pens have to be eliminated and expansions of the NW and SE corners of the barn should be added. Robotic milking would greatly reduce the current labor constraints required for 2x/day milking, while also creating new research opportunities for the dairy. Significant improvement (15%) in milk production would likely be observed with the addition of this equipment.

Auto Feeder for baby calves

Individual calf hutches (the current system) are highly labor intensive resulting in multiple feedings daily of pre-weaned calves. An automated feeding system would reduce labor and allow labor to be reallocated to monitor and manage calf health and performance on a more flexible schedule. Automatic calf feeder software can monitor individual milk intake, number of visits rewarded and unrewarded, as well as rate of milk intake. This plethora of information would open up research opportunities at the dairy while also benefitting calf health.

Milking Parlor

Our parlor is also in need for renovation. Having it available will help our research and outreach programs to demonstrate the differences in management (pros and cons) of conventional vs. robotic milking system. This would be a tremendous impact and a comparative advantage to fulfil our land grant mission.

Robotic milking system



Auto feeder calves

